



2.5" [64 mm]

4.0" [102 mm]

Our model RT8CN communicates rotational position feedback to your PLC via the CANbus SAE J1939 interface. The heart of this sensor is a precision plastic-hybrid position potentiometer which provides an "absolute" position and does not ever have to be reset to a "home" position after a power loss or planned shutdown.

This innovative sensor is designed to meet tough NEMA-4 and IP67 environmental standards and is available in full-stroke measurement ranges of 1/8 to 200 turns.

# **Output Signal**



# **RT8CN** 0-45° to 0-200 Turns • CANbus J1939

**Industrial Grade Rotational Position Sensor** Absolute Rotary Position up to 200 turns **Aluminum or Stainless Steel Enclosure Options IP68 / NEMA 6** 

## General

**Full Stroke Range** 0-0.125 to 0-200 turns **Electrical Interface** Protocol Proprietary B Accuracy Repeatability Resolution **Enclosure Material Options** Sensor **Potentiometer Cycle Life** Shaft Loading Starting Torque (25°C) Weight, Aluminum (Stainless Steel) Enclosure

# **Electrical**

Input Voltage Input Voltage Input Current Address Setting (Node ID) **Baud Rate Update Rate** Thermal Effects, Span

## Environmental

Enclosure **Operating Temperature** Vibration

CANbus SAE J1939 see ordering information ± 0.05% full stroke essentially infinite powder-painted aluminum or stainless steel plastic-hybrid precision potentiometer see ordering information up to 10 lbs. radial and 5 lbs. axial 2.0 in-oz., max. 3 lbs. (6 lbs.) max.

see ordering information 7 - 18 VDC 60 mA max. 0...63 set via DIP Switches 125K, 250K or 500K set via DIP Switches 10 ms. (20 ms. available-contact factory) 0.01% f.s./ºF, max.

NEMA 4/4X/6. IP 67/68 -40° to 200°F (-40° to 90°C) up to 10 g to 2000 Hz maximum

## **Outline Drawing**



## **RT8CN** 0–45° to 0–200 Turns • CANbus J1939

#### Shaft Diameter:



#### **Electrical Connection:**



# I/O Format and Settings



repetition = 8 msec.

Current % of

Range

Bo

easure

B<sub>1</sub>

## Identifier

er –	Message Priority		Fut U:	ure se	J1939 Reference Proprietary B						Data Field Type*						Not Used		Node ID**										
Example –	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Identifier Bit No. –	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Hex Value –			(	)			ł	-				F			:	5			3	3			3	3					

\*Sensor field data can be factory set to customer specific value. \*\*Customer defined, set via Dips 1-6. Bit values shown for example only, see Address Setting below.

Velocity Data

B<sub>6</sub>

B<sub>7</sub>

## Data Field

- $B_0 = LSB$  current % of measurement range byte
- **B**<sub>1</sub> = MSB current % of measurement range byte
- B<sub>2</sub> = LSB current measurement count byte B<sub>3</sub> = MSB current measurement count byte

## B<sub>7</sub> B<sub>6</sub> B<sub>5</sub> B<sub>4</sub> B<sub>3</sub> B<sub>2</sub> B<sub>1</sub> B<sub>0</sub>

#### **Current Measurement Count**

The Current Measurement Count (CMC) is the output data that indicates the present position of the measuring cable. The CMC is a 16-bit value that occupies bytes  $B_2$  and  $B_3$  of the data field.  $B_2$  is the LSB (least significant byte) and  $B_3$  is the MSB (most significant byte).

The **CMC** starts at **0x0000** with the shaft in the full counter-clockwise position (at reference mark) and continues upward to the end of the stroke range stopping at **0xFFFF**. This holds true for all ranges.

#### **Converting CMC to Degrees**

If required, the CMC can easily be converted a rotary measurement expressed in degrees instead of simply counts.

This is accomplished by first dividing the CMC by 65,535 (total counts over the range) and then multiplying that value by the FSR:

$$\left(\frac{CMC}{65,535}\right)$$
 X FSR

#### Example:

If the full stroke range is **1 turn (360 degrees)** and the current position is **0x0FF2** (4082 Decimal) then,



B<sub>7</sub> B<sub>6</sub> B<sub>5</sub> B<sub>4</sub> B<sub>3</sub> B<sub>2</sub> B<sub>1</sub> B<sub>0</sub>

#### Current % of Measurement Range

The Current % of Measurement Range is a 2-byte value that expresses the current linear position as a percentage of the entire full stroke range. Resolution is **.1** % of the full stroke measurement range.

This value starts at **0x0000** at the beginning of the stroke and ends at **0x03E8**.

#### Example:

B<sub>4</sub> = error flag
B<sub>5</sub> = error flag

**B**<sub>6</sub> = LSB velocity data byte

B<sub>7</sub> = MSB velocity data byte

Hex	Decimal	Percent
0000	0000	0.0%
0001	0001	0.1%
0002	0002	0.2%
03E8	1000	100.0%



#### Error Flags

**0x55** (yellow LED on controller board) indicates that the sensor has begun to travel beyond the calibrated range of the internal position potentiometer.

**OxAA** (red LED on controller board) indicates that the sensor has moved well beyond the calibrated range of the internal position potentiometer.

If either error flag occurs within the full stroke range of the sensor, the unit should be returned to the factory for repair and recalibration.

#### Velocity

Error Flags

**B**<sub>4</sub>

B<sub>5</sub>

Data in bytes  $B_7$  -  $B_6$  is the change and direction of the CMC (current measurement count) over a 100 msec time period. This data can then be used to calculate velocity and direction in a post processing operation.

Current

B<sub>7</sub> B<sub>6</sub> B<sub>5</sub> B<sub>4</sub> B<sub>3</sub> B<sub>2</sub> B<sub>1</sub> B<sub>0</sub>

B<sub>2</sub>

Measurem Count

B<sub>3</sub>



#### Velocity Calculation



#### Sample Calculations

Clockwise Shaft Rotation (positive direction): B7-B6 = 0x89C6 (43462 Dec.), full stroke = 1 Turn



Counter-Clockwise Shaft Rotation (negative direction): B7-B6 = Ox61A8 (25000 Dec.), full stroke = 1 Turn



### Setting the Address (Node ID) and Baud Rate

#### Address Setting (Node ID)

The Address Setting (Node ID) is set via 6 switches located on the 8-pole DIP switch found on the DeviceNET controller board located inside the transducer.

The DIP switch settings are binary starting with switch number  $1 (= 2^0)$  and ending with switch number  $6 (= 2^5)$ .

DIP-1 (2 <sup>0</sup> )	DIP-2 (2 <sup>1</sup> )	DIP-3 (2 <sup>2</sup> )	DIP-4 (2 <sup>3</sup> )	DIP-5 (2 <sup>4</sup> )	DIP-6 (2 <sup>5</sup> )	<i>address</i> (decimal)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	0	0	2
1	1	1	1	1	1	63

#### Baud Rate

The transmission baud rate may be either factory preset at the time of order or set manually at the time of installation.

The baud rate can be set using switches **7** & **8** on the 8-pole DIP switch found on the DeviceNET controller board located inside the transducer.

DIP-8

0

0

1

1

baud rate

125k

250k

500k

125k □ ∳ = "0'

DIP-7

0

1

0

1

#### **CANBus Controller Board**





to gain access to the controller board, remove four Allen-Head Screws and separate case halves

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